

**BREMEN.**  
EXPRESS MAIL STEAMERS  
FROM  
ALEXANDRIA, PORT SAID, AND SUEZ,  
TO  
NAPLES, MARSEILLES,  
GENOA, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP,  
BREMEN, HAMBURG, AMERICA,  
EASTERN ASIA, AUSTRALIA ETC.  
For Particulars see Advertisement below.

**HAMBURG & ANGLO-AMERICAN NILE Co.**

**Weekly departure during Winter Season by the**  
**Luxurious First Class Tourist Steamer VICTORIA, PURITAN & MAYFLOWER**  
*Regular weekly Departures to the SECOND CATARACT by the S.S. INDIANA.*  
**THROUGH BOOKINGS TO KHARTOUM, BONDOKORO AND THE WHITE Nile.**  
**FREIGHT SERVICE BY STEAM BARGES BETWEEN CAIRO AND ALEXANDRIA**  
 Working in conjunction and under special arrangement with the  
 "Upper Egypt Hotels Company."  
*For details and illustrated programmes apply to "THE HAMBURG and ANGLO-AMERICAN  
 NILE COMPANY."*  
**OFFICES IN CAIRO, SUEZ, PORT SAID, Genoa, London, Hamburg, and Bremen.**

**Hamburg-Amerika Linie.**

by the new **S.S. Oceana of 9000 Tons, 350 berths including 90 single cabins, greatest comfort, best cuisine.**

**FARES:** Genoa to Alexandria from £14. Naples to Alexandria from £10.

Leave Genoa	October	23rd p.m.	Arr. Alexandria	October	27 a.m.
" "	November	8th "	" "	November	10 "
" "	"	20th "	" "	"	24 "
" "	December	4th "	" "	December	8 "

From January 2nd Weekly service from Naples to Alexandria EVERY WEDNESDAY.  
Apply to the Co.'s Booking Office: PARIS, rue de la Paix, 120. LONDON, Cannon Street. BERLIN, Unter den Linden.

**NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.**  
Weekly Service from ALEXANDRIA (Passenger and Freight)  
to NAPLES-MARSEILLES.  
Schleswig leaves Alexandria 9 p.m. 14 & 16 November; 12 December.  
Hohenzollern leaves Alexandria 8 p.m. 24 October; 7 & 11 November; 5 December.  
The following steamers are intended to leave PORT-SAÏD:

HOMEWARD: for <b>Bremen or Hamburg</b> via Naples, Genoa, (Gibraltar), Southampton, Antwerp									
Scharnhorst	8131 Tons	...	about	19 Oct.	Guelisau	8081 Tons	...	about	3 Nov.
Donnerstag	5000			10	Wien	5000			17

<b>Prins Heinrich</b>	698 .....	19 ....	.. moon	.....	0008 ..... ..	17 ...
<b>Outward :</b> for CHINA and JAPAN via BURELADEN, COLUMBO, FRANKING, SINGAPORE.					For AUSTRALIA via BURELADEN, COLUMBO,	
<b>Bulew</b>	800 Tons .....	20 Oct.			Grosser Kurfirst 15113 tons .....	about 31 Oct
<b>F. Reg. Luitpold</b>	2398 .....	20 ....			Sarabassas 12015 .....	18 Nov

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE AGENTS OF THE  
**NORDDEUTSCHER Lloyd** at Calce, Alexandria, Port Said and Suez.  
Otto STEINBERG, Agent in Calce, open Square.  
C. H. SCHROEDLER, Agent Alexandria, Cleopatra Quay.

30-10-06 MONEY. THOR O & SON (Barr) Esq., are authorized to sell tickets in CAIRO and ALEXANDRIA.

## Austrian Lloyd's Steam Navigation

**Alexandria-Brindisi-Trieste (Venice).**

Weekly. Express Mail Service. Steamers leave Alexandria every Saturday 4 p.m. arrive Brindisi Tuesday 5 a.m. in time for Express to Milan, Lucerne, Paris, Vienna, Berlin and London, leaving Brindisi at 7 a.m. Arrive Trieste every Wednesday about 11 a.m. in connection with Train de Luxe Trieste-Venice. Oct. 6. Passengers reach London every Friday 4.50 p.m.

Oct. 6	4 p.m.	S.S. Bramante	Capt. Martiniello	Nov. 5	4 p.m.	S.S. Capotaormina	Capt. Ivellich
"	"	"	"	"	10 "	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	14 "	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	17 "	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	24 "	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	27 "	"	"
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"	"	"	"	"	14 "	"	"
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"	"	"	"	"	17 "	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	20 "	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	24 "	"	"

Steamers leave Alexandria every Wednesday at 4 p.m. arrive Brindisi Sunday at 5 a.m. Trieste Tuesday 5 a.m.

Steamer leaves Alexandria on or about 22 October, 23 and 19 November, 3, 17 and 31 December.

**Syrian-Caramanian Line.**

Steamer leaves Alexandria on or about 29 October, 12 and 26 November, 10 and 24 December.

**Far Eastern Line.**

**Departures from Port Said :** To Suez, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobe, 3 November.

To Suez, Aden and Bombay accelerated service about 8 Nov., 5 Dec.

To Suez, Aden, Karachi, Colombo, Madras, Rangoon and Calcutta about 19 Oct., 13 Nov., 19 Dec 4 p.

To Suez, Aden, Karachi and Bombay about 13 November, 1 December (Winter Line).

**East African Line.**

**Departures from Port Said :** To Aden, Berbera, Mogadishu, Beira, Delagoa Bay, Durban and

For information apply to the Agents, Alexandria, Port Said and Suez, THOS. COOK & SON, LD.,

LEON HELLER, Cairo Agent, 24, Sharia Maghraby, (Telephone 192), Cairo; F. TESCHKE, Heloua, Cairo and Theban.

Special rates for Egyptian officials, members of Army of Occupation and their families. \$1.20-1.50

## SUDAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

**CAIRO-KHARTOUM MAIL SERVICE.—SUMMER TIME-TABLE 1906.**

Commencing from 1st of April, 1906, until further notice.

TO	FROM	DEPART	ARRIVE
Sundays and Wednesdays	.....	8 p.m. depart Cairo	arrive Mondays and Thursdays 7.30 a.m.
Mondays and Thursdays	.....	10.15 a.m. depart Khartoum	depart Sundays and Wednesdays 6.30 p.m.

Mondays and Thursdays	...	...	7 p.m. depart	Shellal	depart Sundays and Wedn.	8.30 a.m.
Mondays and Thursdays	...	...	6.30 p.m. depart	Haifa	depart Fridays and Mondays	8 p.m.
Wednesdays and Saturdays	...	...	4.30 a.m. depart	Abu Hamod	depart Fridays and Mondays	1.30 a.m.
Thursdays and Saturdays	...	...	11.45 a.m. depart	Atbara Jcn.	depart Thursdays and Sundays	6.10 a.m.

**SUDAN DEVELOPMENT & EXPLORATION CO., LTD.**  
**KHARTOUM**; Cairo Office, Khartoum  
 TRANSPORT DEPT. Six days White Nile Tourist Trip dep. Khartoum Tuesdays Steamer plans may vary.  
 Sleeping and Dining Cars.—During the month of April Sleeping and Dining Cars trains leave Cairo for Exeter  
 Thursdays and Sundays. Leaving Cairo at 8.30 p.m. arrive Khartoum N. Departing Thursdays and Sundays  
 leaving Khartoum at 7.30 a.m. arrive Cairo at 9.30 a.m. The same service will operate during the months of May  
 and June. From last of May 1909, those trains will be suppressed, but Dining and Sleeping Cars will be attached to the ordinary  
 trains from Cairo and Khartou three times a week, on the same above mentioned days. [L.S.]

**TRIPS ARRANGED & transport of goods to all places on White-Blue-Niles within navigation limits.**

**Egyptian State Railways.**  
THROUGH PASSENGER SERVICES. (Daily).—OCTOBER TIME-TABLE.

		a.m.	a.m.	noon	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Cairo	... .. DEP.	7.30	9.30	12.00†	12.15	4. 0	4 5	6.35	\$11.80

		p.m.		p.m.		p.m.		p.m.		p.m.	
Tantah	ARR.	8.51	10.53	1.20	2.30	5.28	6.3	8.1	2.4		
Alexandria	ARR.	11.00	12.55	3.5	5.50	7.35	7.50	10.5	6.0		
Alexandria	DEP.	7.0	9.0	12.00	2.10	3.40	4.25	16.0			
Tantah	ARR.	8.59	10.53	1.40	5.24	5.40	6.6	7.51	8.18		
Cairo	ARR.	10.25	12.50	3.5	—	7.10	7.25	9.20	6.0		

Cairo	---	...	DEP.	7.0	11.0	16.15	Port Said	...	DEP.	8.10	12.30	16.15
to				p.m.	p.m.		to			p.m.	p.m.	
Port Said			ARR.	12.5	2.30	11.0	Cairo	...	ARR.	1.25	5.0	11.0

Port Said	...	DEP.	12.00	p.m.	12.00	...	DEP.	12.00	p.m.	12.00	...	DEP.	12.00	p.m.	12.00				
Suez (Rue Colmar)	...	ARR.	11.00	p.m.	11.00	For Suez change at Ismailia	Suez (Rue Colmar)	...	DEP.	8.00	p.m.	7.00	For Suez change at Ismailia	Suez (Rue Colmar)	...	ARR.	11.00	p.m.	11.00
Cairo	...	DEP.	7.45	p.m.	11.30	2.40	5.25	Zagazig	...	DEP.	6.00	p.m.	8.45	p.m.	11.45	8.25			
Zagazig (Via Belbeis)	...	ARR.	9.44	p.m.	1.40	4.45	7.27	Cairo	...	ARR.	8.00	p.m.	10.45	p.m.	1.00	8.20			

Cairo... .. DEP.	a.m. 8.30	p.m. *8. 0	Luxor ... .. DEP.	a.m. 6.10	p.m. *5. 5
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... Luxor...	... ARR.	11.35 10.0	Cairo...	... ARR.	8.45 7.
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\*Dining Car, 3 Sleeping Car, \$21st and Second Class only.  
 \*Dining and Sleeping Cars are attached to these trains on the following days:—From Omdo, every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. From Luxor, every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

R. D. BLAKENEY  
 General Manager p.l.

**The Cigarettes Manufactured by  
 The Cleopatra Cigarette Co.**

**G. NUNGOVICH**  
Are on sale at the Commission's establishment by Grand Continental Hotel, Cairo, and at Walker & Meimmaroff's, Alexandria.

PATRONISED by the Dukes of COGNAC and the ANGELOUS OTTO and all the High Litz of Egypt,



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FIRE AND LIFE.  
Largest Fire Office in the World.  
HASSELDEN & CO., Agents, Alexandria.  
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31-3-907  
**PHOENIX ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
(ESTABLISHED 1782);  
HASSELDEN & CO., Agents, Alexandria.  
FRED. OTT & CO., Agents, Cairo.

**G. G. DROSSOS & CO.**  
Established 1869.  
MERCHANTS & GENERAL AGENTS.  
Head Office, ALEXANDRIA, 19, Mohamed Ali Square.  
PORT SAID, KHARTOUM, PORT-SUDAN,  
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**GENERAL AGENCY in Egypt, Sudan, Red-Sea and Abyssinia for**  
J. and R. TENNENT'S Pilsener Beer and Stout XXX,  
D. C. L. Scotch Whisky, "King George IV" Whisky and Gin.  
LEON & CO., Ltd. Carlsberg, Biscuits and Cakes. N.B.—Commercial Travellers  
CARR CHANDON, Reims, Champagne. paying regular visits to  
JULES ROBIN & CO., Cognac, Extra Old Brandy. the Towns of the Interior.  
AMER PICHON, Vermouth Martini & Rossi.  
L. TAMPIER & Co., Bordeaux, Wines, Cognac and Rums.  
ANDRE P. CAMPAS, Brandy and Wines.  
SIE. ARSENE SAUPEQUET, Nantes, Preserved Goods.  
CHOCOLAT POULAIN. Eto., Eto., Eto. 28135-30-11-906

**N. SPATHIS** CAIRO, Nubia Pacha-st.  
Avaroff-st.  
Soda Water, Lemonade, Ginger Ale, Ginger Beer, Tonic Water, Pomegranate, Orangeade.  
Lime Juice and Soda, Champagne Cider, Lemon Squash.  
WATER GUARANTEED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S FILTER (PASTEUR'S SYSTEM).  
Inventor of WHISKY & SODA and BRANDY & SODA, bottled ready for use.  
Sole Agent in Egypt and the Sudan for

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LOUIS ROBERT ... Rhine and Cognac.  
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MACKIE & Co. ... Rhine and Cognac.  
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PSCHORR BRAU, the renowned MUNICH BEER, in casks and bottles.  
Great assortment of Wines, Spirits, Liqueurs, Teas of finest brands, etc.

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Established 1726.  
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**JOHN ROSS & CO.**  
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**"PELICAN" BRAND.**  
ESTABLISHED 1856.  
  
GUINNESS'S Foreign Extra  
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BASS'S First Quality  
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PALE ALE.  
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GENERAL DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.  
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DIRECT IMPORTERS OF BRITISH AND IRISH  
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**NOW ON SALE**  
Large assortment of plain and  
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Woollen dress goods.  
**All Excellent Value.**

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OPPOSITE SHEPHERD'S  
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**BECK & CO'S PILSENER BEER**  
BREMEN.  
PLEASE NO HONEST COMPETITION FOR QUALITY  
N.B. - Inferior Brands now being offered to  
Managers of certain good circles.  
Beware of evilly disposed competition running  
down this very  
**SUPERIOR BRAND OF BEER.**

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One of the finest and most up-to-date Hotels in the Metropolis. Situated in Sharia Soliman Pasha, the very centre of the healthiest and most fashionable quarter. Stands in its own grounds with garden and lawn tennis grounds at back. Over 350 rooms and 5 saloons. Magnificent salle à manger. Handsome covered promenade verandah, 87 yards long. Highest class cuisine, electric light throughout, and lifts. English comforts. Rooms and apartments at prices to suit every one. For further particulars apply to **GENERAL MANAGER, CAIRO.** 26889-30-11-906

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FULL SOUTH, ELECTRIC LIGHT, OPPOSITE ESBEKIEH GARDENS, LARGE VERANDAH,  
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This Hotel is beautifully fitted up and is in the most central part of Cairo. Terms for pension are at the rate of ten shillings a day. Special terms for officers of Army of Occupation.  
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## Administration des Chemins de Fer de l'Etat Egyptien

**AVIS**  
L'Administration des Chemins de fer de l'Etat a l'honneur de porter à la connaissance du Public qu'elle recevra jusqu'au trente Octobre courant, à midi, des offres pour la fourniture de 15,000 (quinze mille) grands couffins, et 180,000 (cent quatre-vingt mille) petits couffins à deux poignées livrables par mensualités de 1,250 (mille deux-cent cinquante) pour les grands couffins et 15,000 (quinze mille) pour les petits couffins, suivant les clauses et conditions de cahier des charges dont on peut obtenir copie contre paiement de cent mille mes aux Magasins Gd. éaux à Boulac (Cairo) et aux Magasins de Gabbari (Alexandrie) ou on peut aussi examiner les échantillons, chaque jour, de neuf heures du matin à une heure p.m. les dimanches et les autres jours fériés exceptés.  
Pour être admis à concourir, le soumissionnaire devra joindre à son offre un récépissé de versement de L.E. 50 (cinquante Livres Egyptiennes) à titre de dépôt provisoire et soumettre un contre échantillon des couffins qu'il propose de fournir.  
Le soumissionnaire déclaré adjudicataire devra parfaire cette somme jusqu'à concurrence de 10% (dix pour cent) du montant de l'offre agréée et ce dans les vingt-quatre heures de l'avis de l'acceptation qui lui sera communiqué à cet effet.  
Les offres devront être accompagnées d'une feuille de papier timbré de trente millèmes. Elles seront adressées par la poste sous pli recommandé à:  
Monsieur l'Ingénieur en Chef de la Voie et des Travaux, Chemins de fer de l'Etat, Le Cairo, et sous double enveloppe l'intérieure portant la désignation suivante:  
"Offre pour grands et petits couffins à deux poignées."  
L'Administration ne s'engage pas à accepter l'offre la plus basse ni à donner suite aux soumissions présentées; elle se réserve le droit de diviser la commande.  
Le Cairo, le 13 Octobre 1906. 18663-2-2

## Société Internationale des Employés d'Alexandrie

A dater du 15 Octobre le siège social de la Société Internationale des Employés d'Alexandrie est transféré Rue Sidi el Metwalli No. 20, et rue Hammam el Zhab No. 1 au 1er étage. 28663-6-5

## AVIS

Le Ministère des Travaux Publics aura probablement besoin de s'assurer, à titre temporaire, les services d'un bon sténographe et d'un bon dactylographe.  
La connaissance parfaite des langues anglaise et française est indispensable.  
Les personnes qui possèdent les qualités requises pourront adresser, jusqu'au 20 Octobre courant, au Service Administratif du Ministère des Travaux Publics, des demandes respectives indiquant leurs noms, prénoms, domiciles, ainsi que les appointements qu'elles désiraient obtenir.  
Le Ministère ne prend, vis-à-vis des pétitionnaires, aucun engagement de quelque nature qu'il soit. 28676-3-3

## Egyptian Delta Light Railways, Ltd.

**NOTICE.**  
For the convenience of those travelling during the Ramadan holidays the following changes will be made in the time table to date from the 15th and up to the end of October.  
Train No. 36 will leave Bab-el-Louk Station at 11.15 p.m. instead of 12.30 a.m.  
Extra trains will leave Bab-el-Louk and Helwan daily at 1.15 a.m.  
From the 1st of November a new time table will come into force. 28662-4-4

**Hamburg & Anglo-American NILE COMPANY.**  
River Transport of Goods between Alexandria and Cairo.  
THREE SAILINGS A-WEEK.  
Agents at Alexandria  
**ALEXANDRIA BONDED WAREHOUSE CO. LTD.**

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## SHOOTING SEASON 1906-1907.

The Egyptian Salt & Soda Co., Ltd.

HAS ON SALE A LARGE STOCK OF  
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AMBERITE, SMOKELESS DIAMOND, SCHULTZE, and E.C.  
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## DAILY WEATHER REPORT

ALEXANDRIA		Korn-el-Nadoura Observatory.	
Direction of wind	...	N.E.	...
Force of wind	...	34	...
State of Sea	...	Blight	...
Barometer corrected	...	761.4	...
Evaporation	...	4	...
State of Clouds	...	4	...
Max. Temp. in shade	...	28	...
Min. do. do.	...	23.3	...
Humidity of the air	...	96	...
Heat of the sun	...	11	...
Moon rise 6.10 a.m.	...		...
set 6.8 p.m.	...		...

REMARKS.  
Last night was again excessively damp, and the hygrometer this morning still registered an abnormal degree. The wind is light and north-easterly and the barometer has a downward tendency.

## The Egyptian Gazette

**SUBSCRIPTIONS.**  
Alexandria, Cairo, and the Interior of Egypt (including delivery in Alexandria or postage to subscriber's address) P.T. 23 1/4 per annum, P.T. 116 for six months, P.T. 80 for three months. To other countries in the Postal Union P.T. 273 (£2.16s.) per annum. Six months P.T. 136 (£1.8s.), three months P.T. 95 (0.19s.).  
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## The Egyptian Gazette

THE ENGLISH DAILY NEWSPAPER.  
ESTABLISHED 1880.  
Editor and Manager - R. SNELLING.  
Price: ONE PIASTRE TARIFF.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1906

## THE VERNACULAR PRESS.

In spite of the arguments of Mr. Hafiz Awad, editor and proprietor of "Al Minbar," as set forth in the letter which we published yesterday, we remain of the opinion that the newspaper in question must be classed among the immoderate and dangerous Press, and that the prohibition of its circulation in the Sudan was very wisely decided. We do not wish to insinuate that our contemporary is inimical to the fusion of the Sudan with Greater Egypt, and we are prepared to assert that the admission of the paper into that country was not refused on such grounds. It is sufficient for us that "Al Minbar," in common with others, adopts an inflammatory tone, however unconsciously, which tends to excite the native and persuade him that he is being treated both unjustly and inhumanly. It is on such grounds that we denounce the paper as dangerous and, therefore, heartily support the Sudan Government in their refusal to admit it into the country. We have no desire to doubt Mr. Hafiz Awad's patriotism and sincerity, but we are of the opinion that his organ is not infrequently guilty of harmful exaggeration, and at times misrepresentation, which is excited by the exuberance inherent to the Egyptian. Nationalists claim that the time is ripe for the Egyptians to govern their own country unguided. Apart from other considerations the impulsive, passionate nature of all classes renders our assent to the appeal for self-government impossible. Those who have taken upon themselves to assert this claim should remember that bitter words and violent invective are not the way to obtain it.

We do not consider that the criticisms of many of our contemporaries, including "Al Minbar," show that equanimity which rulers of a country must possess in order to govern wisely. They have blinded their eyes to facts and would renounce England as represented by Lord Cromer. Lord Cromer has not only, throughout his long guidance of the politics of this country, regarded the Egyptians of all classes with the utmost consideration; he has always been at pains to impress upon Europeans in general, and Britishers in particular, that they must be treated both individually and collectively with every kindness and as those who have the greatest claim upon the country. It is to him, too, that the Egyptians owe their thanks for the prosperity and liberty which they enjoy to-day.

It is apparently useless to reiterate that moderation demands respect and consideration, whereas unreasonable exaggeration arouses contempt and antagonism. Although we differ with those who express their confidence that Egyptians are capable of governing themselves we would gladly listen to the arguments adduced to the contrary. Unfortunately, however, the papers which have taken up the cry of "Nationalism" bring forward no arguments and merely content themselves with the oft-repeated statement of capability. Moreover, the most prominent among these organs cannot refrain from indulging in abusive invective against England. Whatever their opinions may be and whatever faith they may have in their governing power, they give evidence of an instability of temperament which stamps them as men incapable of self-restraint. Take for example Mustapha Pasha Kamel, who claims to be the leader of the "Nationalist" party and violently asserts that the time has come when England should leave Egypt to control its own affairs. And yet on almost every occasion on which he writes he gives vent to a vicious animosity. He would put himself forward as a characteristic Egyptian patriot and as a proof that there are men in Egypt who are capable of directing the affairs of state without guidance. Absolutely lacking in self-control he indulges in hysterical tirades which can only go to prove that temperance has yet to be instilled into the character of the Egyptian. He who cannot control himself certainly cannot be allowed to govern a country.

## THE TURKISH SUCCESSION.

The French Press is much exercised on the subject of the Turkish succession, and, no doubt, the apprehension that the influence of Germany might be sufficient to cause a deviation from the lawful course of inheritance counts for something in the flood of comment lately appearing in the Paris newspapers. It is no secret that Germany, until quite lately, was favourable to Prince Burhan el Din, who was educated by German tutors and imbued with German ideas. But other Powers, and among them both England and France, desire to see the legitimate heir, Prince Fehd, succeed the present Sultan, or, if he should predecease Abdul Hamid, the next in the line of succession—namely, Prince Yussuf Izzeddin.

According to information obtained by the "Times" Paris Correspondent, both Germany and the Sultan Abdul Hamid have begun to realize that the German project has little chance of success. Germany, at all events, finds it expedient to have another string to her bow. Sundry indications tend to the conclusion that, while putting a good face on this partial check, she is now trying to ingratiate herself with the party that will be most powerful whenever Abdul Hamid disappears. The Arab and Kurd clique, now so influential at Yildiz Kiosk, will be superseded by an entirely different element, many members of which now live in exile in different parts of the Continent. It remains to be seen whether this element, of which a numerous section has hitherto been keenly hostile to Germany, will allow itself to be converted. It must not be forgotten that Germany disposes of varied means of persuasion, and is so enterprising and so persistent in everything she does that the other Powers cannot be too vigilant if they do not wish to sacrifice their own interests to those of their formidable rival in the Near East. It is a well-authenticated fact that the population of Turkey itself is hostile to German expansion in that part of the world, and that the Baghdad Railway would never have been in German hands were it not for the autocratic intervention of Abdul Hamid. Fortunately, it will require more capital for its completion than Germany can afford, and those who might assist her are precisely those who are most interested in preventing her from becoming the mistress of a rail highway from Hamburg to the Persian Gulf.

## INSTRUMENTAL CONCERTS

Every Night  
On the Verandah of the  
**WINDSOR, HOTEL**  
ALEXANDRIA.  
FROM 6 TO 12 P.M.  
5 O'clock Tea Served on Verandah  
12-11-06



## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

## The Plague.

Today's plague bulletin records a death in hospital at Suez.

## H.M.S. Venus

H.M.S. Venus returned to Port Said from Alexandria yesterday.

## Egyptian Army.

The Sirdar inspected the 4th Battalion at Abkinieh this morning.

## Nile Gauges.

The tabular compilation of the latest Nile gauge readings will be found on page six.

## Egyptian Institute.

The Egyptian Institute will hold its first meeting on the last Monday of November.

## New Coinage.

Eighty-one cases of nickel and copper coin have arrived here by the Moss S.S. Seti from England.

## Um Rus Operations.

The August gold (including 580 cza. produced in the final clean up) realised £4,313 12s. 3d.

## New Officials.

Three graduates of Oxford who are proficient in Arabic have been attached to the Ministry of the Interior.

## K.C.S.

The Khedivial Geographical Society will resume its monthly meetings beginning with the last Saturday of November.

## Alexandria College.

A considerable tract of land has been expropriated for a sum of L.E. 2,000, as an endowment for a Theological College at Gabbari.

## Cairo Sewage.

An English engineer who was lately in India has been attached to the Ministry of Public Works for remodelling the sewage system in Cairo.

## Kasr el Doubara.

We are asked to contradict the report as to the intention of the military authorities to mount a guard at the G.O.C.'s residence at Kasr el Doubara.

## Pro Russia.

A benefit performance of *Le Maître des Forges* ("The Ironmaster") will be given by the Gardet company at the Esbekieh Theatre on Tuesday next, in aid of the Pro-Russia Society.

## "The Future of Egypt."

On August 26, 1885, Mr. Douglas Sladen left London as special correspondent of "The Tribune" to visit Egypt and other Oriental countries. His first article is to be "The Future of Egypt."

## Thief's Flight.

Annibal Campionne, agent of the estate of Prince d'Angri, of Salerno, has fled with the sum of 500,000 francs. The Egyptian police have been informed, as it is thought that Campionne may probably have fled hither.

## Ancient Egyptian Slot Machine.

Someone has discovered a penny-in-the-slot machine in Egypt 2,000 year old. We are now awaiting the translation of an inscription describing what happened when an early Egyptian smoker who wanted matches got a good rock.

## Legislative Council.

Abdel Hamid Pasha Sidik, president of the Legislative Council, and Hussein Bey Yauri, secretary, had a long interview with Mr. Macchell at the Ministry of the Interior the day before yesterday. The Council will meet on the 29th inst.

## The Virgin of Denishwal.

That remarkable Arabic novel, "The Virgin of Denishwal," has been such a success that the author, Mahmood Taher Hacky, has decided to devote himself to a literary and journalistic career, and will shortly become editor-in-chief of a weekly review.

## A Fatal Error.

Last night, an Italian residing in the Labbane quarter, Dipari Shinto by name, shot his wife's sister dead in his house, where she had been living. The murderer was arrested, and on being interrogated as to the motive of his crime stated that he had unfortunately mistaken the poor woman for a burglar.

## Ruining the Creek Court.

In the Hohenlohe revelations it is stated that on October 26, 1889, Prince Hohenlohe dined with the Empress Augusta Victoria at Baden. She expressed disapproval of the Emperor travelling about so much, and she regarded as superfluous his Majesty's visit to Athens, which, Prince Hohenlohe remarks, "I heard from 'Princess Betsy,' has ruined the Creek Court."

## Darwinism at the School of Law.

According to the native Press, the young Copt who raised such a disturbance at the School of Law at Cairo, by calling in question the claims of the Prophet, is a disciple of Darwin by name Nassif Effendi Gindi el Mangabadi. He endeavours to obtain proselytes to the theory of evolution among his Muslim fellow students. The Nationalist Press intends taking up the matter as a signal example of the growth of infidelity owing to the British Occupation, but for which Darwin and Darwinism would be unknown to the Egyptians, so their faith would not thereby have been unsettled.

## New Employment Registry.

The British Chamber of Commerce gives notice that it has commenced an employment register, which may be consulted by members requiring clerical or other assistance. Applications will be received, free of charge, from clerks and others wishing to obtain posts in Egypt. Address, Secretary, British Chamber of Commerce, Alexandria. [Adv.]

## THE SULTAN'S RECOVERY.

## GERMAN SPECIALIST LEAVES.

BERLIN, October 17. According to information received by the "Frankfort Gazette" from Constantinople, Professor Bier will start to-day for Berlin, the Sultan having quite recovered and being no longer in need of his attention. (Reuter)

The Turkish Embassy in London last week issued the following communication: "The Imperial Ottoman Embassy declares to be absolutely devoid of foundation a sensational story lately published in a Paris paper, and reproduced by some English newspapers, in connection with the health of his Imperial Majesty the Sultan."

## THE KHEDEVE.

The Khedive came to Ras el Tin from Montazah this morning, and will return in the evening.

To-morrow his Highness will come to Ras el Tin, where he will give an "iftar" to the ulama of Alexandria; and after El-Isha prayers the Ramadan reception already announced will be held.

## LORD CROMER.

As reported by our Port Said Correspondent yesterday, Lord Cromer arrived there by the P. and O. mail boat Osiris.

His lordship was welcomed on board by Mohamed Mouheb Bey, Governor of the Suez Canal; Mr. D. A. Cameron, British Consul-General; Miralal Schach Bey, Mr. Tarell, director of Port Said Customs, and Mr. Tweedie, director of the Port Said and Suez Coal Co.

Lord Cromer, accompanied by Mohamed Bey, Mr. Cameron, and Subah Bey, was conveyed in a launch of the Ports and Lights Administration to the Quarantine wharf, and went direct to the British Consulate. On his departure by special train, at eleven o'clock, he was seen off by the local authorities and the British Consul-General, a posse of police, under the orders of an officer, rendering military honours.

Lord Cromer arrived at Cairo at 3.40 p.m. He was met at the station by the Advisers and several of the Ministers, the Sirdar and the principal officers of the Army of Occupation and the Egyptian Army, Mr. de C. Findlay and the staff of H.B.M.'s Agency, Mansfield Pasha, and many others. His lordship looked in excellent health.

## MR. BUCHER DÜRER'S DEATH.

A few days ago we announced the death of Mr. Bucher Dürer, which occurred on his arrival in Egypt where he had arrived in order to inspect the progress of the Hotel Semiramis, which he was building at Kasr el Doubara.

In the hotel line he was one of the kings of Switzerland, to which position he raised himself from a shepherd by industry, hard work and intelligence. Hundreds of friends among the Swiss and strangers regret his death.

Mr. Bucher Dürer was the "creator" of the summer resort on the Burgenstock. He was the proprietor of dozens of hotels in Europe, among the best known being the Palace and Europe Hotels at Lucerne, the Sonnenberg at Engelberg, the Grand at Lugano, the Quirinal and Minerva at Rome, the Mediterranean at Pegli, and the Semiramis Hotel at Cairo.

He constructed at his own expense many mountain railway lines leading to his hotels, among their number being the funiculars to the summits of the Stanserhorn, Burgenstock, San Salvatore, and the heights above Genoa and Lugano.

It is stated that Mr. Dürer employed directly and indirectly a quarter of a million men and women. It speaks volumes for his character that his employes all sincerely deplore his death.

He was seventy-two years of age and leaves a large family to carry on his work.

## LAUNCH OF A NILE STEAMER.

The first tourist steamer of the Nile Express Company was launched at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the Bahr el Ama workshops near the Pont des Anglais, Cairo. The ceremony was largely attended, the vessel being christened by Mrs. Shilston, the wife of Mr. V. Shilston, the energetic manager of the Express Company's works, whose efforts have enabled the Virginia to be put on the water a few weeks after leaving the builders in sections.

The Virginia is 150 feet in length with 21 feet beam and will draw only two feet of water, although from keel plate to upper deck she has a depth of 43 feet. Her speed against the stream will amount to twelve knots.

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The S. S. Assiout left Malta yesterday afternoon, and is due at Alexandria on Sunday morning with passenger and mails.

The Messageries Maritimes mail boat Portugal arrived at Marseilles from Alexandria yesterday morning.

## Sudan Government.

Persons importing Egyptian Labourers to work in the Sudan are recommended to enter into a written contract with them. This contract should be explained and signed by the Labourers in presence of an official or other reliable witness.

## EGYPT'S TRADE.

## RETURNS FOR SEPTEMBER.

During last month the Egyptian imports showed an increase to the value of L.E. 121,822 over the corresponding month of last year, whereas the exports showed a decrease L.E. 19,966. From January 1 to September 30 the excess of imports over the corresponding period of last year was L.E. 1,741,777 and of exports L.E. 764,738. England, of course, heads the list with both imports and exports, the values for September being L.E. 632,459 and L.E. 502,613, respectively. Turkish imports amounted L.E. 308,797, and France follows with L.E. 221,019. Austria-Hungary imported goods to the value of L.E. 169,995, and Germany comes next with L.E. 124,866. Germany's exports, however, present a considerable advantage over other Continental countries, her figures therefor being L.E. 91,550, while France's exports only amounted to L.E. 71,205 and Austria-Hungary's to L.E. 48,595 against L.E. 56,471 in September 1905. For the three-quarters of the year England's increase in imports is L.E. 535,643, and in exports L.E. 462,738, whereas Germany's exports show a decrease of L.E. 163,874 and her imports an increase of L.E. 32,962. The export of cotton and material for textile industries between January 1 and September 30 amounted to L.E. 10,996,899, an increase of L.E. 1,339,245 over the corresponding period of 1905. A decrease of L.E. 271,926 for cereals and L.E. 385,743 for sugar and agricultural produce is reported, and tobacco exports show a decrease of L.E. 28,060. England's increase in the import of cigarettes for the month of September amounted to 2,947 kilos and for the three-quarters of the year 1,411 kilos, the total import being 63,779 kilos. Germany showed a falling-off of 15,631 kilos for September and 38,831 for the full period. France imported an increase of 1,050 kilos. In September, her total increase being 2,851 kilos, and Sweden and Norway give the excellent excess over last year of 1,764 kilos. For September and 2,566 over the three-quarters period. The statistics, however, show a falling off in the cigarette trade, the total weight exported from Egypt in September being 11,027 kilos, inferior to September 1905, and the decrease between January 1 and September 30 amounts to 33,831 kilos.

## THE DISAPPEARANCE OF £3,900.

Up to the time of going to press we have been unable to obtain any further information concerning the loss of bank-notes to the value of £3,900 which had been transmitted through the post by the Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Alexandria. We are, however, authorised to contradict a contemporary statement that the packet was not registered. A searching enquiry is being made by the postal authorities.

A Cairo contemporary remarks:—"Constans à ce propos que les plaintes se font de plus en plus nombreuses contre la distribution irrégulière des lettres. Une enquête et une surveillance sévères sont devenues nécessaires. The official rejoinder to this is obvious. As long as the Banks refuse to insure their letters and put sums of thousands of pounds under the noses of clerks at L.E. 5 a month, so long shall we have these things happening."

## BRITISH POSTAL ORDERS.

The British Post Office has issued a notice that British postal orders, sold at the ordinary rates of postage, are now available for sending money to:—

Beirut (British Agency), Cyprus, Egypt (including the Sudan), Malta, Salonika (British Agency), etc., Smyrna (British Agency).

British postage stamps, not exceeding three in number and 5d. in total value on any one order, may be used for making up odd amounts. The purchaser of a postal order should take care to fill in the name of the payee before parting with the order, and to retain the counterfoil. Remittances to other places abroad and for sums larger than 21s. can be sent by means of money orders.

## KHARTOUM REMINISCENCES.

Dr. Abbate Pasha has recently returned from his holiday in Europe, the greater part of which was spent in Greece and Italy, and with his return we welcome the appearance of his pamphlet, "Khartoum, Revue après cinquante ans (1855-1906)" which has been published by the Khedivial Geographical Society, of which he is president. The pamphlet is devoted to the subject of the lecture which he gave to the society last summer, and which was reported at the time in the "Egyptian Gazette." He brings out very clearly the wonderful transformations which have taken place in the Sudan's capital during the lengthy period under review. The lecture from which the pamphlet draws its substance was of more than ephemeral interest, and is well-deserving of the permanent record which the Khedivial Geographical Society has given it.

## Beck &amp; Co's Pilsener Beer.

BREMEN. Obtainable from every Respectable Firm in CAIRO, ALEXANDRIA AND THE SUDAN. Otherwise apply to E. J. FLEURENT, F. MACALFE, Sole Agents, 11, Rue Midan, Alexandria.

## UNREST IN EGYPT.

## EXAGGERATION IN EUROPE.

Every year the Riviera, Algeria, and other winter resorts find that Egypt is becoming a more and more serious competitor, and the beauty of the perfect winter weather at Assouan and Luxor are now recognised as far more attractive and beneficial than the untrustworthy climate of Continental resorts.

Consequently this season Egypt's competitors are doing their utmost to raise the score of "Unrest in Egypt," hoping to frighten away intending visitors to the valley of the Nile by brandishing the bogey of Pan-Islamism and fanaticism throughout the European Press. Here for example is a specimen of the alarmist reports, the author being the Malta correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph."

Those Maltese, he says, who have connections with Egypt state that it is persistently reported in the bazaars in the towns on the Nile that there is serious unrest, which may become acute at the beginning of next year. The "Express" correspondent at Cairo maintains his former assertion that 420 troops are kept under arms at night in readiness in that city for instant service. The reason for this precaution is kept secret by the military authorities. So far as is known to Europeans an attack by the natives is not threatened.

The way every rumour of unrest in this country is exaggerated in Europe is remarkable when contrasted with the comparative silence about disturbances elsewhere. If such an outbreak as occurred a few days ago in Algeria took place here it would have been telegraphed all over Europe. We extract the incident from a "Globe" to hand by the Brindisi mail:—

"A strange aggression, and one that shows the utterly unmanageable and unreliable disposition of the Arab is reported from Algeria. It took place in the Bouira district, about 93 miles from Algiers. A patrol of ten military police under a lieutenant was patrolling the native settlements of the region and at about eleven at night reached Bouira, when out of the darkness they were assailed by terrible cries, and a volley of gunshots and stones, besides being attacked with daggers. The mob numbered about a thousand, and six of the gendarmes were hurt before they had quite realised the position. They, however, made determined headway, and soon drove off the assailants with their revolvers. Owing to the darkness, however, the enemy could carry off their fallen, and the police could make no arrests. Nothing is known as to the motives for the outbreak."

## "ONE OF THE BEST."

## YOUNG EGYPTIANS AND MR. BLUNT.

"Al Lewa" publishes the text of a letter addressed recently to Mr. Wilfred Seawen Blunt by a number of Young Egyptians, expressing their gratitude to the author for his recent work, "Atrocities of Justice under British Rule in Egypt." The following is a translation of the letter:—

"We have read your pamphlet recently published by the Press, and your other statements translated by 'Al Lewa,' and are exceedingly glad to think that justice has such strong supporters and heroes who are not afraid of criticism in speaking the truth. O compassionate man, we greet thee without being acquainted with thee. We greet and shake hands with thee because we find in thee the man who fears none but God and his own conscience. We greet thee because those who seek justice and truth are few, and those who declare their free but moderate opinion are fewer still. We greet and thank thee because we see that thou hast no equal among Europeans. Thou wert just in thy writings and right in thy criticisms: thou art numbered among the best of men."

## KAMEL AND TURKEY.

"Al Mokattam" Constantinople Correspondent writes that the regular salary which the proprietor of "Al Lewa" drew from the Turkish Government in consideration of his attacks on England recently came under the control of the Finance Ministry and will, therefore, in accordance with the custom of that Ministry, only be paid at fiftal intervals.

Our contemporary adds that this is considered to account for "Al Lewa's" waning zeal for the Ottoman Government. At the time of the Sinai frontier dispute Mustapha Pasha Kamel considered Turkey's claims as perfectly valid and just. Now he is at pains to point out that he has no connection with Turkey and could never countenance her interference in the affairs of this country.

## ROUTE MARCH.

The Inniskilling Dragoons will go on a route march from Cairo through districts of the Delta, visiting Benha, Balbeia, Zgazig, Simbelawein, Mansourah, Tantah, Shebin el-Kom, and Ashmoun. The march is expected to last for about nine days. ("Al Mokattam").

## NEW KHEDIVIAL HOTEL

CAIRO. Built in 1904. Modern House. Splendid situation. Electric Light Lift. Pension P.T. 50. Arrangements for families. Rooms and Breakfast P.T. 25.— Meals a la Cart 3/6-5/--11/-

## EGYPT AND BISMARCK.

## PRINCE HOHENLOHE'S INTERESTING REVELATIONS.

Prince Hohenlohe's Memoirs, the publication of which has called forth an angry remonstrance from the Kaiser, contain some interesting particulars of Prince Bismarck's attitude towards Egypt. The Memoirs plunge into the *Werdegang* of the Dual Alliance by some account of M. Herbe'te, the new Ambassador in Berlin (1886), who is described as thinking that he could represent a *rapprochement* between France and Russia as something quite harmless from the German point of view. Herbe'te, Prince Hohenlohe learned from Bulow, the Prussian Minister at Baden, also wanted to get Germany to act with France in the Egyptian and other questions against England, but Bismarck 'thought that France was too uncertain an ally to make it worth while to quarrel with England. France's overtures would, therefore, not be summarily rejected, but be treated in a dilatory manner.' There had previously been a good deal of talk on Bismarck's part about the relations of France and England. On October 23, 1881, Bismarck had said to Prince Hohenlohe at Vauxin that Germany must wish France every success in Africa so that her attention might be drawn away from the Rhine. 'So long as France had no allies she could not become dangerous for us. We should be able to beat her even if she had the English on her side.' Again at Vauxin, on November 7, 1882, Bismarck said that only the Monarchy was dangerous in France, that Germany could always maintain a benevolent attitude towards the Republic, and that she could 'quietly look on when the English and the French locomotives anywhere came into collision.' On October 27, 1883, Prince Bismarck narrated at Friedrichshagen that he had recently had a visit from Mukhtar Pasha, who wanted him to use his influence against British encroachments on Turkey. Bismarck declined to interfere, and advised Mukhtar that 'the Turks should apply to France about Egypt.' In Bulgaria they should help themselves, and if the English bothered them about Armenia they should *envoyer promener* the English—a phrase which Prince Bismarck then paraphrased into a very coarse one. The Turk saw the force of what he said. On this occasion Bismarck spoke of Gladstone as 'an orator, but a stupid fellow.' In August, 1884, Prince Hohenlohe gives in a short note the particulars of the Franco-German *rapprochement* under the auspices of Ferry. 'In the West African question there will be common action, as likewise with regard to various Egyptian questions, such as the quarantine, the Suez Canal, the Liquidation Commission, &c.' On November 2, 1884, Prince Hohenlohe had an audience of the old Emperor William, who 'spoke of the good relations with France and smiled. He then referred to England, and lamented the Radical tendencies of the Government and Chamberlain's purpose of carrying the Reform Bill by creating a batch of Peers. This makes him uneasy, and he is afraid that the Republican movement may get the upper hand in England. What would be the outcome? 'We shall have hard work keeping our places.' It was, therefore, necessary that at least the three Empires should unite to defend the principle of monarchy. That was the cause of the meeting which had taken place at Skiernevie. Prince William (the present Emperor, who had gone on a mission of State to St. Petersburg in the previous May) had exercised a very good influence upon the Emperor of Russia. He himself and Bismarck had given the Prince instructions to advocate the union of the three Imperial Powers, and the Prince had done it very well.' The old Kaiser entrusted Prince Hohenlohe with greetings to Ferry, of whom he had a high opinion. 'I was to say that we did not desire a quarrel between England and France. Just let Gladstone go on. It is good for us, not for England.'

## THE ITALIANS IN EGYPT.

A very interesting work has just been completed by Professor L. A. Balboni, of Alexandria, entitled "Gli Italiani nella Civiltà Egiziana del Secolo XIX." (Penasson, publishers). Italy has had considerable influence in Egypt since the fourteenth century, when Venice became the great go-between for the trade of the Near East with Europe, and the Italian language is still more generally spoken in Egypt than any other European tongue. Professor Balboni confines his labours to telling of the work of Italy in Egypt during the nineteenth century, and his labours have been so thorough that he has been able to compile a three-volume work of over fifteen hundred pages. He begins with the French expedition to Egypt, and takes his readers through the history of the country until the most recent times in the first and second volume. The concluding part of the work is devoted to a review of the present conditions of the Italian colony, their schools, institutions, commerce, journals, etc., and ends with an essay on the decline of the use of the Italian language in this country. The amount of erudition displayed in the work is enormous, and a great many of the facts connected with the work of the Italians here are not to be obtained in any other work that we know of. The book is well printed and has evidently been most scrupulously compiled; it will be of great use to everyone who wishes to become acquainted with the growth of European influence in the valley of the Nile. We heartily congratulate Professor Balboni on his *magnum opus*, and the Italian colony in Egypt should be proud of possessing such an accomplished and erudite historian.

## PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mustapha Pasha Fehmy is expected to arrive at Alexandria on Monday.

El Lewa F. Thurneysen Pasha, second equerry to the Khedive, has returned from leave, and is staying at Bacos, Ramleh.

M. Cambon, French Ambassador to Great Britain, who was to have left Marseilles for Egypt last Wednesday, has postponed his departure, and will leave on the 19th inst. by the mail boat Equateur for Alexandria.

El-Kaimakam Charlton Bey, secretary to the Ministry of War, has returned to Cairo from Europe.

The wife of Mr. J. C. Grew, formerly secretary to the American Diplomatic Agency at Cairo, gave birth to a daughter on the 24th ult. at the village of Giverny, France.

Professor Flinders Petrie will deliver the annual Hoxley Memorial lecture at the Anthropological Institute on November 1.

Abbé Maurice Carton de Wiart, a near relative of the eminent Cairo lawyer, has been appointed honorary canon of Namur Cathedral, Belgium.

The well-known Anglo-Greek, Mr. Basil Melaxas Vagliano, 16, Dawson-place, Bayswater House, Old Broad-street, who died on September 30, left estate valued at £197,224 gross.

Mr. George C. Imbault, of the Cleveland Bridge and Engineering Co., Limited, who designed and personally supervised the construction of the bridge across the Zambesi at the Victoria Falls, is expected in Egypt early in December.

Mr. Frederick Nicholson, the general manager of the Sudan Mercantile Co., Limited (London and Port Sudan), has arrived at Port Said en route to Port Sudan. He speaks in glowing terms of the future of the Sudan, and the extraordinary zeal and intelligent keenness of the officials who are working to change chaos to business-like order.

## DEATH OF GENERAL SIR WILLIAM GALBRAITH.

LONDON, October 17. Major-General Sir William Galbraith, K.C.B., is dead. (Reuter)

Major-General Sir William Galbraith, who was created a Knight Commander of the Bath in 1897 in recognition of his excellent services in India, was born in 1837, and was the son of the Rev. John Galbraith, Rector of Tumm. He received his commission in the 85th King's Light Infantry in 1855, reached his captaincy ten years later, and in 1877 was promoted to the rank of major. Two years later he was made lieutenant-colonel, in 1883 he became colonel, and ten years after that he was promoted to the rank of major-general.

During the Afghan war he served as assistant adjutant general and earned the medal with two clasps, and he took a prominent part in the Hagara expedition of 1888. He commanded the troops at the action of Kotkai, in connection with which he was mentioned in the despatches and received the medal with clasp. From 1882 to 1886 he was assistant adjutant and quartermaster general in Ireland and was then sent to India, where he commanded the second class district for four years. From 1890 to 1895 he was adjutant general in India, and afterwards commanded the Q.etta district for four years. On the expiration of this command he retired from active service in 1899. In 1896 he married a daughter of Lieutenant-General A. G. Handcock, C.B., I.S.C., whom he leaves a widow with two sons.

## EGYPTOLOGICAL NOTES.

M. Maspero has published a report on his recent work of excavation and restoration in Egypt.

An interesting discovery has been made at Karnak by M. Legrain, whose name is well-known in the Egyptological world. It consists of a postern gate with a row of cynocephalus, whose presence is easily accounted for, as with the ancient Egyptians the ape was always represented as a worshipper of the rising sun. M. Baranti intends restoring the Temple of Gournah at Thebes, before completing similar work on the ruins at Edfu (the Apollinopolis Magna of the Greeks, famous alike for its temples and the antagonism of its antique inhabitants to the adoration of the crocodile.)

Stelae have been laid bare in the course of excavations at Sakkarah, by M. Quibell, and at Toukh and Ghorra, Mr. Edgar has dug up the remainder of the treasure of gold-ornaments found last year.

Far greater importance, however, attaches to a veritable treasure trove at Kom Schagan, which has been under M. Maspero's eye for several years. Here fifty rolls of beautiful manuscript, some more than four metres long, were found.

Among these, M. Lefebvre has identified title deeds, a will and codicil in Greek, and an unknown comedy of Menander, of which there are 1,200 verses. We are glad to learn that M. Lefebvre intends to publish these verses shortly. These fragments will enable us to study Menander more directly than by the interpretation of his Latin imitators.



LA PROPRIÉTÉ DU GOURBAL

L'Egyptian Land and General Trust (Hooker) vient de vendre sa propriété du Gourbal à un prix qui lui laisse un bénéfice de 40,000 livres. Cette magnifique propriété, située à Alexandrie entre le Canal Mahmoudieh, les quartiers Moharrem Bay et Attarine et la Gare du Caire, a une superficie de 339,000 pica carrés. Elle a été vendue à raison de 60 P.T. le pica. Le groupe acquéreur, à la tête duquel se trouvent M.M. Rossano frères, courtiers bien connus de notre ville, a l'intention de la lotir en petites parcelles à l'effet d'y construire des maisons ouvrières et économiques.

BULLETIN DE LA BOURSE

(Aujourd'hui à midi et demie.)

On a débattu faible ce matin pour remonter graduellement jusqu'en clôture. Plusieurs valeurs sont en hausse marquée. Quant aux affaires, elles n'ont eu d'importance qu'à National Bank, Salt & Soda, Cassa di Sonto, Trust, Estates, Urbaine, Comptoir, Banque d'Orient, Union Foncière et Hooker.

La hausse des Hooker, qui ont atteint durant la matinée 17 3/4, est due à la vente par cette société de sa propriété du Gourbal, vente qui lui laisse un bénéfice de 40,000 livres. On a clôturé un peu plus faible à 13 1/2 vendeurs par suite de réalisations.

L'Union Foncière a été très échangée durant toute la séance entre 6 1/4 et 6 3/8. Elle finit acheteurs à 6 1/4.

La Delta Light s'avance de 11 29 3/4 à 12 3/4, la Privilegiée Bière d'Alexandrie de 202 à 206, la Dividende Bière du Caire de 64 à 68, la Daffard Delta de 12 1/4 à 12 3/4, la Banque d'Orient de 132 3/4 à 135 1/2, le Crédit Franco-Egyptien de 53 8/8 à 57 1/6.

Par contre, la plupart des valeurs qui ont bénéficié d'une avance ces temps derniers, accusent une réaction plus ou moins sensible.

Circulaire H. De Vries et Boutigny

NOTES ET CRITIQUES

Le Caire, 17 Octobre.

Le taux de l'escompte libre à Londres est maintenant à 4 7/8. Hier, au Stock Exchange, le Consolidé anglais a rétrogradé de 1/8 à 86 1/2. L'Unité est restée invariée à 104 1/2. La National Bank a réactionné de 1/8 à 27 3/8. L'Agricole est demeurée inchangée à 9 7/8, de même que la Daira à 17 et la Delta Light à 12.

A Paris, l'action Crédit Foncier Egyptien a haussé de 3 francs à 784. La Banque d'Athènes est restée stationnaire à 145.

Un petit vent de réaction a soufflé, ce matin, sur quelques devises de notre marché des valeurs. C'est là un fait naturel après la forte poussée de ces jours derniers, poussée opérée juste au moment où la pénurie d'or locale était considérée comme un obstacle insurmontable à la hausse, voire comme un élément certain de baisse.

Or, maintenant que la tension monétaire diminue, il serait peut-être téméraire de se préoccuper d'une dépression sérieuse. Il se produit, tout bonnement, un tassement rationnel, appelé à faire plus de bien que de mal, en ce sens qu'il donnera du ressort au marché et lui permettra de marcher aisément à la conquête de plus hauts cours, au fur et à mesure que nous avancerons dans la saison des affaires.

Aussi faudra-t-il peut-être surveiller les bonnes valeurs qui pourraient être le plus atteintes : celles-là bénéficieraient, à coup sûr, les premières, du mouvement qui succéderait à celui qui s'est dessiné aujourd'hui.

Bref, en dépit de toutes les circonstances passagères défavorables qui peuvent se produire, il reste évident que les bonnes tendances finiront par avoir le dessus : c'est la conséquence forcée de la prospérité générale du pays, augmentée par les prix insupportables auxquels se vend le coton, prospérité qu'une gêne éphémère ne saurait, en aucun cas, affecter ou compromettre. Au reste, la clôture a été plus ferme.

La National a fléchi à 27 1/8. L'Agricole a monté à 9 13/16. La Cassa di Sonto a avancé à 235 l'action ancienne et 248-229 la nouvelle. La Banque d'Athènes et la Banque d'Orient se sont raffermies à 145 et à 132-133. Le Comptoir Financier a rétrogradé à 7 l'action ancienne et 6 7/8 la nouvelle.

L'action Crédit Foncier a progressé à 782 ; l'obligation à lots nouvelle a roulé à 270. La Béhera a atteint 40. Le Nil Land a fléchi à 16 3/8 et la part de fondateur à 80. L'immobilière est revenue à 390 ; la part de fondateur a perdu 15 francs à 760. Les Improvements se sont inscrits à 63 1/6. L'Union Foncière a été l'objet d'une bonne demande, qui l'a portée à 6 3/4 pour finir à 6 1/4.

L'action Entreprises Immobilières et Travaux s'est consolidée à 4 1/2 et la part de fondateur à 94-95. La part de fondateur Allotment a passé à 136.

La Delta Light s'est maintenue à 12. La Privilegiée a fléchi à 4 11/16-3/4. L'Anglo-Américain Nile s'est raffermi à 5 5/8. La part de fondateur Express Nile a haussé de 70 aux abords de 100. Les Automobiles ont perdu 1/8 à 6 1/2. Les parts de dividende Brasserie des Pyramides ont gagné 2 francs à 68.

Dans le groupe des valeurs hôtelières, les Nungovich ont fléchi à 18 1/16 et les Egyptian à 6 15/16. Les Upper Egypt ont avancé à 53 1/6-1/4. Les National ont fléchi à 4 ; par contre, leur part de fondateur a monté à 78. Parmi les petites valeurs, les Delta Land ont été ramenés à 3 11/16 pour clôturer fermes à 3 1/2.

33 1/4 Les New Egyptian ont réactionné à 83 1/2, 9 par suite de fortes réalisations. Les Estates sont revenus à 115 1/2 ; la part de fondateur a, par contre, fortement haussé à 14 3/8. Les Markets ont fléchi à 27 sh 3 Trés demandés, les Salt and Soda ont passé de 22 à 24 sh. Les Khedivial Mail ont fait 35 sh 6 et les Oasis 1 1/4.

Suivant des informations de Londres, l'affaire de la transformation de l'Egyptian Hotels Co. en Société anonyme égyptienne serait très avancée, mais on ne saurait encore préciser la date à laquelle le projet pourrait être mis à exécution. On s'attend, toutefois, à être exactement renseigné à cet égard dans un bref délai.

Sir William Willcocks, directeur-général de l'Anglo-Egyptian Allotment Co., vient de rentrer au Caire, venant de Chypre, où il a passé l'été à occuper de l'organisation de la Banque Agricole et de diverses autres affaires entreprises dans l'île pour compte de la Société.

L'assemblée générale annuelle du Comptoir Financier et Commercial d'Egypte, qui devait avoir lieu le samedi 27 Octobre courant, au siège social, à Alexandrie, a été renvoyée au lundi 29.

Les recettes des Tramways d'Alexandrie pour la semaine du 13 Octobre courant se sont élevées à L.E. 1,749 contre 1,452 en 1905, soit en augmentation de L.E. 297.

Les recettes totales depuis le 1er Janvier 1906 se chiffrent par L.E. 64,846 contre 54,907 en 1905, soit en augmentation de L.E. 9,939.

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## TELEGRAMS.

## WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

## ADOPTION OF METRIC SYSTEM.

LONDON, October 17.  
A sensation has been caused in commercial circles owing to Messrs. Kynoch Limited having adopted the metric system for weights and measures. Sterling will be worked out to four places of decimals, and be used as unit money for purposes of calculations.  
Mr. Arthur Chamberlain, the chairman of Kynoch Limited, says that he supposes that the metric system will be some day compulsory. "We are merely anticipating: by this means we are reducing the cost of our calculations and facilitating our export trade." (R.)

## THE LUTIN DISASTER.

## NO HOPE FOR CREW.

PARIS, October 17.  
The submarine Lutin, with fourteen men on board, has disappeared off Bizerta. Efforts have been made to recover it, but rough weather renders the task difficult. (Feuter)

TUNIS, October 17.

The British Consul has cabled to Malta for assistance to raise the Lutin, which lies at a depth of 125 feet. (Reuter)

BIZERTA, October 17.

It is hoped that the Lutin may be refloated, but the crew is believed to be lost. (Havas)

PARIS, October 17.

M. Thomson has left for Bizerta. (Havas)

## AN AUDACIOUS THIEF.

## EXTRAORDINARY OCCURRENCE IN BERLIN.

BERLIN, October 17.  
An astounding robbery has taken place at Köpenick, a suburb of the city. A man dressed as a captain stopped a squad of guardsmen who were returning from drill and ordered them to accompany him to Köpenick. He entered the town-hall and arrested the Mayor and cashier and sent them under guard to the city. He seized £250 on the ground of a bogus Imperial order regarding municipal irregularities and ordered the guardsmen to remain in occupation of the town-hall. He then decamped in a motor car. (Reuter)

## LORD MAYOR IN PARIS.

## KISSES THE MARKET QUEEN.

PARIS, October 17.  
The Lord Mayor of London and the members of the Corporation drove to the Central Market, where they had a most enthusiastic reception. Bonquets were presented to the Lord Mayor, who thanked and kissed the Market Queen. (Feuter)

## TURKEY AND PERSIA.

## "SICK MAN" CLIMBS DOWN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 17.  
As a result of the Persian Ambassador's representations, instructions have been sent to the Turkish boundary commissioner to proceed with the demarcation in a spirit of equity and justice. (Reuter)

## REGENCY OF BRUNSWICK.

BERLIN, October 17.  
Owing to the Emperor's refusal to consider the Duke of Cumberland's proposal, a bill has been introduced into the Brunswick Diet ordering the election of a new Regent. (R.)

## AMERICA AND THE FAR EAST.

NEW YORK, October 17.

The Government has ordered four powerful armoured cruisers to join the squadron in the Far East, in order to more effectively protect American interests. (Reuter)

## M. SARRIEN'S HEALTH.

PARIS, October 17.

M. Sarrien's health will oblige him to resign. If he decides upon this he will put his resignation before the Council on Monday. (Havas)

## SOUTH AFRICANS' TRIUMPHS.

LONDON, October 17.

Football. Rugby. The South Africans beat Devonshire by 22 points to 6. (Reuter)

## MILITARY TAILORS.

EGYPTIAN ARMY OUTFITS A SPECIALITY.

## RIDING BREECHES.

F. Phillips & Co.

LADIES' TAILORS.

(HIGH CLASS WORK ONLY)

CAIRO & ALEXANDRIA.

## MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

London, October 12.

## The Money Market.

In our last article we referred to Egypt as the unknown factor in the money situation, and we forecasted that before this year's cotton crop could be moved further considerable quantities of gold would be required in Egypt. That forecast is proving correct. During the week £2,000,000 have left the Bank for abroad, the bulk of which, say £1,600,000, has gone to Egypt, and £300,000 to Constantinople. As the cotton crop, we understand, promises to be a bumper both as regards quantity and quality, there is every probability that still further quantities of gold will be required for Egypt. The more general opinion here seems to be that a further £2,000,000 will be required for your market before all the demands are satisfied. On the other hand, a few of the older and conservative members of the money market seem to think that this amount is rather overestimated than otherwise.

The articles on the money famine in Egypt contained in your issues of the 4th and 5th inst. have been read with much interest in this market, and have had a distinctly good effect as showing the ability of the Egyptian Government to come to the rescue in cases of need.

It is perfectly true that the Egyptian demand has this year been rather heavy, but a comparison of this season's demands with those of the past five years shows that it is hardly correct to describe this, as it has been by writers here, as "very abnormal," in view of the increased size of the crop, due in a measure to the improvement of irrigation, and the consequently larger area under cotton cultivation.

For the convenience of our readers we tabulate these returns, which are as follows:—

1906 (to date)	£3,160,000
1905 (Sept. Oct. and November)	£1,520,000
1904 " " "	£3,020,000
1903 " " "	£4,025,000
1902 " " "	£2,482,000
1901 " " "	£1,285,000
1900 " " "	£1,733,000

It is obvious that with the marvellous prosperity which has followed the entry of Great Britain into Egypt larger gold demands are inevitable as the natural result of such prosperity, and this year an important factor in the situation has been the high price of cotton and the heavy speculation in that commodity.

The heavy withdrawals this week and the increase of the Berlin Bank rate from 5 per cent. to 6 per cent. compelled the Directors of the Bank of England at their meeting yesterday to take the unusual but perfectly justifiable course of putting the rate up a full point to 5 per cent., a rate we have not seen since 1901. It is confidently expected that this will speedily prove effective in restoring the market to a normal condition. At the same time one cannot help feeling we are running on very short commons, and if the demand for Egypt continues to the extent above-mentioned, to which must be added the great probability of increased requirements owing to the flourishing condition of trade not only in this country but throughout the world, we may be getting very near the lines of a 6 per cent. rate before the Bank reserve can be brought back to a normal state.

The Stock Exchange view of the 5 per cent. rate seems to be one of relief, and they consequently look for better prices in their markets in the near future, but as there is no chance of cheaper money, at all events, for the rest of this year, our opinion is that the higher rate of interest must affect gilt-edged securities for some time to come.

The Bank of the Netherlands yesterday raised its rate of discount from 4½ per cent. to 5 per cent. and the Bank of Norway has to day increased its rate from 5 per cent. to 5½ per cent.

The Bank return this week shows that, making allowances for a contraction of £394,000 in the circulation, the Reserve has dropped £2,112,000, bringing the total down to £18,290,000. The proportion to liabilities is 3 per cent. lower at 35.45 per cent.

## The Stock Markets.

The very cheerful tone which the stock markets have maintained this week under conditions which a few weeks ago would have caused them to touch the lowest point of depression has been viewed with satisfaction by members of the Stock Exchange, who not unreasonably argue that if markets can maintain such cheerfulness in the face of very adverse circumstances, a substantial revival may be expected when conditions are more favourable. That circumstances this week have been against anything in the shape of active business will be obvious when it is pointed out that not only has anxiety regarding money difficulties been very marked, owing to heavy withdrawals from the Bank, the increase of the Berlin Bank rate, and, for the greater part of the week, anticipations of a substantial increase in the rate here, but members have also been busily occupied in arranging the settlement. Nevertheless, in spite of all, markets have persistently refused to be adversely influenced, and although the amount of business done has naturally been limited, a fair quantity of investment orders have been dealt with.

The possibility of a five per cent. Bank rate had been discounted to the fullest possible extent, so that the effect of the announcement upon markets was practically nil. Consols showed a slight easing-off, but in the main the changes were quite insignificant.

This morning business was confined to the concluding arrangement of the settlement. The tone has continued firm, and Consols early recovered yesterday's loss.

## Consols.

The suspense regarding the action the Directors of the Bank of England might take

yesterday, and the continued drain on the stock of gold, retarded movements in the gilt-edged market, but the tone kept very steady. Today Consols have gained ¼ at 86½, thus showing a slight advance on the week. Other gilt-edged stocks are fairly firm.

## Foreign Bonds.

In the international market rumours regarding the health of the Sultan again adversely affected Turkish stocks, and the United fell to 92½, but the price yesterday improved to 92½. They leave off to-night at 93. Russians, after the relapse last week-end, recovered to an appreciable extent, and the Pours leave off firm at 72½, and the script of the new loan at 8½ discount. With reference to the conversion of some of the Japanese issues, to which we have previously referred, Mr. K. Takahashi, the Japanese Financial Commissioner, who has now arrived in England, stated the other day in an interview that the Japanese Government now proposed to issue a further £25,000,000 for the conversion of the six per cent. foreign loans, but it was impossible to say when this would be made. So far as he could see the present moment was not a favourable one for the operation. It only remained to watch the markets of the world and to seize the best opportunity that presented itself.

Japanese stocks have been weak, and the changes are to lower levels.

## Home Rails.

The home railway market has a firm appearance, and it is satisfactory to be able to say this of it after the recent acute depression. There have been evidences of moderate investment demands, and yesterday some of the heavies, including Berwicks, Great Northern Deferred, Great Eastern, and the Scotch stocks, were especially favoured. The changes to-day have been slight.

## Americans.

On the whole the American market has been strong, and the increased Bank rate failed to check operations, but the tone to-day has been rather irregular.

The downward movement in Aitchison shares, which followed the announcement of the dividend, has ceased, and the quotation kept firm until to-day, but has now fallen away ½ to 107½. Union Pacifics have been well supported, and the price advanced to 196½, but closes ¼ lower at 196½. Yesterday Chicago-Milwaukee were a feature, and closed 2 up at 183. They close about this figure to-night, as compared with 181½ last Friday. Pennsylvania have put on 1½ at 75.

## Egyptians.

There has been a fair amount of activity in the Egyptian market. Egyptian Estates yesterday came in for more attention than for some time past, and these show a considerable improvement on the week at 2½, the Deferred at 13½. National Banks have been alternately offered and bid for, and remain firm at 26½, while Agricultural Banks have weakened a fraction, at 9½. Land Banks are unchanged. New Egyptian continue firm a shade higher than last week at 1½ and Corporation of Western Egypt are about ½ higher at ½ premium.

## Mining.

The chief feature in the South African market are Vaal River Diamond shares. There was extensive buying of these yesterday, and the price spurted sharply to 2½ after opening at 1½, the advance being due to rumours of an important discovery of diamonds on the company's property. Premiers, on the other hand, were weak, and lost 1½ at 12½. Chartered were an active concern, closing buyers at 1½. Vaal Rivers leave off to-night at 3½, a further rise of ½. Premier at 12½, and Chartered 12½. Rand Mines are 6½.

## Egyptians.

Egyptian mining shares maintain a firm appearance, but there is very little business being done in them. Egyptian Mines are a shade higher at 4½, but Nile Valleys at 6s. Egyptian Options at 1½ and United Africans at 1 18/32 are quite unchanged.

The closing prices to-night are as follows:—

Abyssinian Bank	14	14	14
Agricultural Bank	9 ½	9 ½	9 ½
Preferred	9 ½	9 ½	9 ½
3 ½ o/o Bonds	91 ½	91 ½	91 ½
Anglo-Egyptian Bank	14	14	14
Central Egypt Exploration Co.	14	14	14
Credit Foncier d'Egypte	14	14	14
Corporation of Western Egypt	14	14	14
Daira Sugar 4 o/o Debentures	2 ½	2 ½	2 ½
Daira Sanieh Ordinary	16 ½	16 ½	16 ½
Deferred	96	96	101
Delta Preference	11 ½	11 ½	11 ½
Deferred	11 ½	11 ½	14
Delta Land	3 ½	3 ½	3 ½
Egyptian Estates	13	13	14
Deferred	13	13	14
Egyptian Mines Exploration Ltd.	3/6	3/6	4/6
Trust and Investment	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Land and General Trust	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Options	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Eridia	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Fatra	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Khedivial Mail S.S. Company	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Land Bank of Egypt	8 ½	8 ½	9 ½
Mysore Reefs	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
New Egyptian Company	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
National Bank	26 ½	26 ½	26 ½
Nile Valley	5/6	5/6	6/6
Block "E"	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
North Nile Valley	1/2	1/2	2/2
Salt & Soda	21/6	21/6	22/6
Sudan Exploration	1/2	1/2	2/2
Sudan Gold	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Um Rus Gold Mine	6d	6d	6d
United African Exploration	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Union Fonciere d'Egypte	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Egyptian Investment & Agency	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½
Egyptian Markets	25/6	25/6	26/6
Egyptian Sudan Mines	1 ½	1 ½	1 ½

## CARLTON HOTEL

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RAMLEH'S FASHIONABLE HOTEL

Full Pension P.T. 50 a day with Monthly Terms

Visitors from Cairo alight at Sidi Gaber.

Reclame Luncheon, P.T. 15. Dinner, P.T. 20.

Proprietor, C. AQUILINA, (Late of The Cook & Son)

34-11

## The Standard Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

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ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£11,500,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	£1,450,000
LAIRMS PAID	£4,575,000

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S. R. COOKSON, Esq., Manager, Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Limited, Cairo.

M. A. HARRISON, Esq., General Manager, Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son, (Egypt) Ltd. (14-11-06)

Head Office for Egypt: Standard Buildings, Cairo.

BABER, MIZRAHI & Co., Chief Agents for Alexandria.

Daira Prince Ahmed Seif el-Din Bey, Mohamed Aly Square.

A. V. THOMSON,

Secretary for Egypt.

## SPORT AND PLAY.

## KHEDIVIAL YACHT CLUB.

## REGATTA.

The following is the result of yesterday's regatta:

Boat.	Start.	Finish.	Sailed by.
	H.M.S.	H.M.S.	
Banshee II.	3.32.18	4.42.46	T.C. McClure
Nanine	3.08.21	4.45.48	J. E. Roberts
Annie Marie	3.00.14	4.46.37	G. R. Fraser
Ananké	3.31.16	4.50.21	J. Chini
Minnie	3.16.08	4.52.23	N.W. de Courcy
Fen Follet	3.27.28	4.54.14	M. Schaer
Coot	3.16.02	4.56.21	H.R.C. Blagden
L'Aiglon	3.20.22	5.03.14	Mr. Ravelli
We Two	3.21.20	gave up	G. C. Foster

Boat.	Start.	Finish.	Sailed by.
	H.M.S.	H.M.S.	
Maar	3.39.22	4.57.12	Major Downing
Iekindiriyah	3.41.14	4.57.27	H. Fendler
Gumrook	3.38.12	4.57.55	C.W. Strickland
Ram Seas	3.45.23	4.59.26	Grafton Bey
Shamrook	3.39.08	5.01.09	M. Kesati

The wind was fresh from the N.E. Mr. McClure's new yacht, Banshee II., which has just arrived from England and had only been in the water 48 hours before the race, behaved splendidly, easily beating all the others. In Class II. a very good finish was witnessed when the first three yachts crossed the finishing line within ½ minute.

## Calendar of Coming Events.

## ALEXANDRIA.

October.

Wed. 17	Alhambra Theatre. Italian Dramatic company in <i>Tristi Amori</i> . 9.30.
	Max Casino and Restaurant on Syren Island. Concert daily by Romanian orchestra. (Tel. No. 940.)
	French Garden. Varieties and Menagerie. 9.30.
	Windsor Hotel. Concert by De Salvo orchestra. 6-12 daily.
Fri. 19	Ras el-Tin Palace. Khedive and Khedivah's Ramadan Receptions. 8 p.m.
Sat. 20	Alexandria Swimming Club. 100 yds. Junior and 220 yds. Senior Championships at Ras-el-Tin. B.R.C. Mustapha Range. FinalCups Competition and Practice starting at 500 yards, 2.30.
Sun. 21	Round Point Pigeon Shooting. 2.30. Alhambra Theatre. Matinée.
Sat. 27	Alexandria Swimming Club. 440 yds. Senior Championship at Ras-el-Tin. A. S. C. Skye Meeting. 3.

## CAIRO.

October.

Wed. 17	Ezbekieh Garden Theatre. French comedy company. Théâtre des Nouveautés. 9.30. Aloazar Parisien. 9.30. Champs Elyées. Cinematograph Entertainment.
Fri. 19	Zoological Gardens. Concert by Ghizeh Boy's Band. Afternoon.
Sun. 21	Zoological Gardens. Concert by Ghizeh Boy's Band. Afternoon.
Mon. 22	Khedivial Opera House. Bandmann Opera company in <i>Lady Macbeth</i> . 9.
Tues. 23	Ezbekieh Theatre. <i>Le Maître de Forges</i> , in aid of Pro Russia Society. 9.

## PORT SAID ENGINE WORKS.

Dowrie & Co., Port Said, have on hand a large quantity of boilers, engines, lathes, pumps, fan blasts, etc., etc.; also a large stock of cast iron, about 20,000 second hand pipes spigot and faucet type in good condition 6½" and 8" diameter. Owing to removal of Works these must be cleared. Offers at from 60s. 6d. per ton upwards (according to the article) will therefore be considered if received in time. Exceptional opportunity. Boilers are fully serviceable for steaming or at the price would make excellent storage tanks. Don't miss this chance. No reasonable offer will be refused. 28656-15 A-5

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## SUTTON'S

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## SEEDS

## SEEDS

DAVIES BRYAN & Co.

have been appointed Sole

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Sutton's Seeds in Egypt.

A large Stock of Ve-

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promptly forwarded for

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SUTTON'S BOOK on the

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